PARKINSON GENE PANEL DG 2.7/DG 2.8

Gene	Median coverage	% covered > 10x	% covered > 20x	Associated Phenotype description and OMIM disease ID
ATP13A2	129	99%	98%	Kufor-Rakeb syndrome, 606693
				?Ceroid lipofuscinosis, neuronal, 12, 606693
ATP1A3	205.7	100%	100%	Alternating hemiplegia of childhood 2, 614820
				CAPOS syndrome, 601338
				Dystonia-12, 128235
C19orf12	100.8	100%	99%	Neurodegeneration with brain iron accumulation 4, 614298
				?Spastic paraplegia 43, autosomal recessive, 615043
CHCHD2	93.3	97%	87%	Parkinson disease 22, autosomal dominant, 616710
СНМР2В	97.2	97%	89%	Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis 17, 614696
				Dementia, familial, nonspecific, 600795
CSF1R	144.4	99%	98%	Leukoencephalopathy, diffuse hereditary, with spheroids, 221820
DCTN1	143.1	99%	99%	Neuropathy, distal hereditary motor, type VIIB, 607641
				Perry syndrome, 168605
				{Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, susceptibility to}, 105400
DNAJC6	181.3	100%	99%	Parkinson disease 19, juvenile-onset, 615528
FBXO7	237.5	99%	97%	Parkinson disease 15, autosomal recessive, 260300
FTL	131.3	99%	92%	Hyperferritinemia-cataract syndrome, 600886
				L-ferritin deficiency, dominant and recessive, 615604
				Neurodegeneration with brain iron accumulation 3, 606159
GCH1	91.2	95%	86%	Dystonia, DOPA-responsive, with or without hyperphenylalaninemia, 128230
				Hyperphenylalaninemia, BH4-deficient, B, 233910
GRN	206.3	100%	100%	Aphasia, primary progressive, 607485
				Ceroid lipofuscinosis, neuronal, 11, 614706
				Frontotemporal lobar degeneration with ubiquitin-positive inclusions, 607485
LRRK2	134.6	97%	93%	{Parkinson disease 8}, 607060
MAPT	100.2	97%	93%	Dementia, frontotemporal, with or without parkinsonism, 600274
				Pick disease, 172700
				Supranuclear palsy, progressive atypical, 260540
				Supranuclear palsy, progressive, 601104

				{Parkinson disease, susceptibility to}, 168600
PARK2	134.2	99%	98%	Adenocarcinoma of lung, somatic, 211980
				Adenocarcinoma, ovarian, somatic, 167000
				Parkinson disease, juvenile, type 2, 600116
				{Leprosy, susceptibility to}, 607572
PARK7	85.1	100%	98%	Parkinson disease 7,autosomal recessive early-onset,606324
PDGFB	107.8	100%	99%	Basal ganglia calcification, idiopathic, 5, 615483
				Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans, 607907
				Meningioma, SIS-related, 607174
PDGFRB	166.4	99%	97%	Basal ganglia calcification, idiopathic, 4, 615007
				Kosaki overgrowth syndrome, 616592
				Myeloproliferative disorder with eosinophilia, 131440
				Myofibromatosis, infantile, 1, 228550
				Premature aging syndrome, Penttinen type, 601812
PINK1	98.2	93%	88%	Parkinson disease 6, early onset, 605909
PLA2G6	132.4	99%	98%	Infantile neuroaxonal dystrophy 1, 256600
				Neurodegeneration with brain iron accumulation 2B, 610217
				Parkinson disease 14, autosomal recessive, 612953
POLG	126.2	99%	99%	Mitochondrial DNA depletion syndrome 4A (Alpers type), 203700
				Mitochondrial DNA depletion syndrome 4B (MNGIE type), 613662
				Mitochondrial recessive ataxia syndrome (includes SANDO and SCAE), 607459
				Progressive external ophthalmoplegia, autosomal dominant 1, 157640
				Progressive external ophthalmoplegia, autosomal recessive 1, 258450
PRKRA	161.3	99%	99%	Dystonia 16, 612067
PSEN1	161.6	99%	98%	Acne inversa, familial, 3, 613737
				Alzheimer disease, type 3, 607822
				Alzheimer disease, type 3, with spastic paraparesis and apraxia, 607822
				Alzheimer disease, type 3, with spastic paraparesis and unusual plaques, 607822
				Cardiomyopathy, dilated, 1U, 613694
				Dementia, frontotemporal, 600274
				Pick disease, 172700
SLC20A2	122.2	99%	95%	Basal ganglia calcification, idiopathic, 1, 213600
SLC30A3	100.4	99%	97%	No OMIM phenotype
				?Alzheimer disease, early-onset (Rovelet-Lecrux (2012) Eur J Hum Genet 20,613)
				?Landau-Kleffner syndrome (Conroy (2014) Epilepsia 55,858)

SLC39A14	122.3	99%	98%	Hypermanganesemia with dystonia 2, 617013
SLC6A3	153.5	100%	99%	Parkinsonism-dystonia, infantile, 613135
				{Nicotine dependence, protection against}, 188890
SNCA	150	100%	100%	Dementia, Lewy body, 127750
				Parkinson disease 1, 168601
				Parkinson disease 4, 605543
TAF1	141.1	99%	97%	Dystonia-Parkinsonism, X-linked, 314250
				Mental retardation, X-linked, syndromic 33, 300966
TH	83.6	97%	92%	Segawa syndrome, recessive, 605407
VPS13C	124.9	96%	90%	Parkinson disease 23, autosomal recessive, early onset, 616840
VPS35	104.3	96%	90%	{Parkinson disease 17}, 614203
WDR45	92.9	97%	92%	Neurodegeneration with brain iron accululation 5, 300894
XPR1	155.9	99%	99%	Basal ganglia calcification, idiopathic, 6, 616413

Gene symbols used follow HGCN guidelines: Gray KA, Yates B, Seal RL, Wright MW, Bruford EA. Nucleic Acids Res. 2015 Jan;43(Database issue):D1079-85. Median Coverage describes the average number of reads seen across 50 exomes.

Genes with Median Coverage and % Covered 10x/20x denoting NC are non-coding genes for which coverage statistics could not be generated.

OMIM release used for OMIM disease identifiers and descriptions: October 1st, 2016.

This list is accurate for panel versions DG 2.7 and DG 2.8 From DG 2.7 to DG 2.8 no changes were made to the content of the gene panels.

Ad 1. "No OMIM phenotype" signifies a gene without a current OMIM association Ad 2. OMIM phenotype descriptions between {} signify risk factors

[%] Covered 10x describes the percentage of a gene's coding sequence that is covered at least 10x.

[%] Covered 20x describes the percentage of a gene's coding sequence that is covered at least 20x.